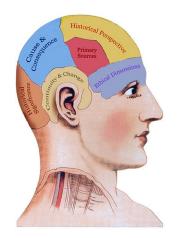
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FOUR KEY HISTORICAL CONCEPTS



<u>CONTINUITY AND CHANGE - HOW CAN WE MAKE SENSE OF THE</u> <u>COMPLEX FLOW OF HISTORY?</u>

1. Continuity and change are interwoven – they exist together.

2. Chronologies – timelines – are a good place to start. Organize the past into sections helps(eras, centuries, decades, dynasties, etc)

- 3. Change is a process with varying paces and pattern.
- 4. Turning points are moment when the process of change shifts direction or pace
- 5. Change is not always constant, or predictable.

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE – HOW DO WE DETERMINE THE IMPORTANCE OF AN EVENT?

- 1. PEOPLE AT THE TIME THOUGHT IT WAS IMPORTANT
- 2. IT AFFECTED A LOT OF PEOPLE
- 3. IT AFFECTED PEOPLE DEEPLY
- 4. IT AFFECTED PEOPLE FOR A LONG TIME
- 5. IT STILL AFFECTS ATTITUDES OR BELIEFS TODAY
- 6. IT LED TO OTHER IMPORTANT EVENTS
- 7. IT HELPS US UNDERSTAND OUR WORLD AND OURSELVES

***Historical significance can change over time, and from group to group.

CAUSE AND CONSEQUENCE – WHY DO EVENTS HAPPEN, AND WHAT ARE THEIR IMPACTS?

- 1. Change is driven by multiple causes.
- 2. Historic events result in multiple consequences.
- 3. Some causes are more influential than others.

Types of causes:

Immediate	background	long term
intentional	unintentional	major
minor	natural	accidental
long-lasting	short-lasting	

HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE – HOW CAN WE BETTER UNDERSTAND THE PEOPLE OF THE PAST?

- 1. Consider your views about what happened (a current perspective)
- 2. Examine how people at the time reacted to the event and how would it be different from your own.
- 3. Avoid presentism placing present ideas and values on events and people in the past.
- 4. Consider the historical context of an event what was happening at the time? What were the main beliefs and worldview of the time?
- 5. Different groups and people from the past may have different perspectives and ideas on past events.